

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. V.]

FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1865.

[No. 1341.]

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next,
at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM

40 bbls. and bts. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bts.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bts.
Sugar in bbls, tierces and bts.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and
Mould and dipt Candles
Raffins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
Also,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,

among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,
Duffs, Plains, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,
Serge, Elastic, blue Friezes,
Crimsoned, Reddies, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.,
Omburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
Juta Madras and Table Cloths,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colander Threads, Hats and sundry other
articles.

Philp G. Marsteller.

Dec. 20,
10 pipes well flavor'd Holland

60 casks Dutch Linseed Oil,
2 bales German Ticklenburgh
1 cask Britannias,
1 do. Plaitas Royal,
all Imported from Rotterdam,
In the brig Nancy, Spalding,
AND FOR SALE BY
J. & T. Vowell,

WHO HAVE IN STORE,
A few pipes old Madeira Wine, fit
immediate use,
Three bbls. old Grenada Rum,
Three casks Clover Seed,
Ten pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy,
Cash given for Otter and
Mink Skins.

April 25, d
JAMES SANDERSON
has received, in addition to his late general sup-
plies, which he will sell, by the quantity, v. c.
ry low, and on liberal credit;
10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Bran-
dy,
4 puncheons second proof Antigua Rum,
10 barrels New England ditto,
5 pipes paricular. Teneriffe Wine,
12 half pipes do, do, do,
25 casks claret, 2 and half dozen in each,
9 boxes best London Mustard, 15 dozen
6 do do, Double Gloucester Cheese,
10 hogheads Black Quart Bottles,
ALSO,
48 hogheads Virginia TOBAC-
CO now in store.
May 31, d

BUILDING LOTS.

HALF an acre of ground, on the
corner of Washington and Duke streets,
will be laid off in lots, to suit applicants, and
will be had at a moderate annual rent forever.

HEWES & MILLER.

This day is Published,
And for Sale at ROBERT GRAY'S Book-
store, and THIS OFFICE,
(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.)
AN ABSTRACT

OF AN
APOLOGY,
For Renouncing the Jurisdiction
OF THE
SYNOD OF KENTUCKY.

BEING
A Compendious View of the GOSPEL,
AND A FEW REMARKS ON THE
CONFESSION OF FAITH.
By Robert Marshall, John Dunlavy, Richard
M'Nemar, Barton W. Stone, John Thompson.
May 2,

A few Copies of the American
Gardener, for sale by Robert Gray, in
King-Street.

For Freight or Charter,
To any Port in the United States, or the
West-Indies.



The fast sailing schooner
DULY ANN,
John Jackson, Master,
carries about five hundred barrels, in complete
order to receive a cargo. Apply to the master
on board, at Conway's wharf.

July 10, eost

FOR NEW-YORK,



The Schooner Nancy,
Capt. NATHAN FELLOWS;
Will carry 750 barrels, and sail
with all possible expedition. For freight or pas-
sage please apply to Capt. Fellows, or to
Daniel McClean.

July 9, d

FOR LIVERPOOL,



The SHIP
WILLIAM,
Captain John Bacon;
Two hundred and 64 tons burthen, nearly
new. Advances will be made on consignments
per this vessel. The freight will be moderate.
Apply to

William Hodgson.

July 2, d

TO RENT,

A convenient two-story Brick-house
on Wilkes street, opposite Capt. George Slacum's
—For terms apply to,
John C. Vowell.

July 6, d

LAWRASON & FOWLE

Have just received, by the brig Harmony, Robert
B. Hall, master, from Boston.

3 bales best Beerboon Gurrahs.
3 do. Sewing Twine
2 chests Young Hylson } FRESH TEAS.
5 do. Imperial
2 boxes best Spanish Segars
2 pipes first quality Cognac Brandy
40 barrels N. E. Rum
5 bbls. retailing Molasses
7 barrels Sperin. Oil
a few boxes Sperin. Candles
40 boxes brown Soap
And a quantity of Plaster Paris.
July 6, d

SUGARS.

Seventy bbls. and
Twenty-two bbls. } MUSCOVADO SUGAR,
Thirty one bags Cocoa, received by Sloop Sloop
Diana, from Martinico—for sale on reasonable
terms by

John & Thos. Vowell.

WHO HAVE ON HAND

Holland Gin of excellent flavor in
Pipes,
Fourth proof Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Liverpool Fine Sale,
1000 bushels Indian Corn,
1200 do. black-ey'd Peas, in good ship-
ping order,
July 6, d

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

About 30,000

White Oak Hoghead & Barrel
Staves,

Of good quality: Also,
A few squared Logs of Walnut.
WM. HODGSON.

July 5, d

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE,

69 barrels prime pork,
12 barrels peas, suitable for the West-India
market.

Wm. HODGSON.

July 3, d

For Sale, on liberal Credit,

90 hogheads

South Potomac Tobacco,

Now in store—Also,
4 do. Rappahannock;

Suitable for the West-India market.
James Sanderson.

June 20, d

GUNPOWDER TEA.

A few boxes of the very best quality just
received by

Mandeville & Jameffon.

May 15, d

Mill-Stones & Boulding-Cloths.

We want to buy one pair of
4 or 4 and an half feet Cologne Mill-Stones.—
We have one pair of 6 feet Burr Mill-Stones for
sale: Also, five hundred dollars worth of Boul-
ding-Cloths; which will be sold a bargain, to
any body who will take the whole of them.
Hewes & Miller.

June 20, d

BEEF AND PORK.

We have just received, prime and
moss Beef, in barrels and half barrels; prime
Pork, in barrels and half barrels—all of excel-
lent quality.

Hewes & Miller.

June 24, d

Mandeville & Jameffon

Are now landing, and offer for Sale,

10 puncheons high proof Jamaica

Rum,
10 hogheads Barbadoes Molasses.

8 hogheads St. Croix Sugars.

English F and P Gunpowder.

Philadelphia Loaf Sugars.

Patent Shot and Bar-Lead.

May 29, d

TO LET,

(On WASHINGTON STREET).

The House at present occupied by

Joseph Mandeville. Possession may be had early

in June next. Apply to

Mandeville & Jameffon.

May 20, d

THE SUBSCRIBER,

AT HIS GROCERY STORE,

King near Washington Street,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

FROM PHILADELPHIA

—A SUPPLY OF—

Fresh tea, particularly selected,

6000 lbs. green coffee,

14 bbls. St. Croix and St. Martins sugar,

New York and Philadelphia, loaf and lump

sugars.

Old 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,

Do. 2d and 3d proof St. Croix rum,

Cognac brandy,

Holland gin,

Whiskey and

New England rum.

Choice old Madeira,

Sherry,

Liquor,

Teneriffe,

Malaga and

Port,

Claret in cases,

20 Boxes fresh muscatel raisins,

Very best chocolate,

Dixon's best mustard,

Sallad oil, &c.

With a general assortment of groce-
ries as usual.

The whole of which are of a superi-
or quality, and will be sold on the most reasona-
ble terms.

JAMES BACON.

May 14, d

WILLIAM OXLEY

HAS ON HAND,

Which he will dispose of on terms advantageous

to the purchaser, for cash or notes.

The following Articles, viz.

Superfine and second cloths

Kerseymeres and fawn-downs

Beardskins and fearnoughts

Durants and callamancoes

Bombazets and wildbores

Common and boild camblets

Silk, cotton, and worsted hosiery

English extra long silk gloves

Silk twist and thread

Diaper and common tapes

Paper and pound pins

White and printed marfeilles

Laces, edgings and gimps

Elegant black and white lace veils?

Patent do. do.

Satin peeling and silk handkerchiefs

4-4, 9-8, and 6-4 Cambric muslins

India Jaconet do.

Fustians, buckram, &c. &c.

ALSO,

A few bales of Negro Caddies, and one trunk

silk and cotton flings.

January 7, d

The highest price given for clean

Linen Rags, by the Printer hereof.

The subscribers have just received, by

the Packet, from Norfolk,

30 barrels prime Beef,

20 do. Pork.

Lawrason & Fowle.

June 24, d

TUNIS CRAVEN,

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

An elegant assortment of goods, selected from

the latest importations, in Phila-

delphia and Baltimore.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Superfine cloths and

callimerees,

Cotton callimerees,

White and coloured

jeans, nankeens and

fustians,

Long and short nan-

keens,

Blue do.

White and coloured

marfeilles,

Waldenating,

4-4 7-8, Irish Lin-

ens, long lawns,

4-4 7-8, Shirting cot-

ton,

Irish and Flappers sheet-

ing,

Platillas,

Britannias,

Silesias,

Silk, cotton and thread

hosiery,

Disper table cloths,

Napkins,

Chintz calicoes and

coloured cambricks,

Dimities,

6-4 9-8, Cambric

mulins,

India, back, jaconet

and mull mull, muf-

lins,

Colonade and crossbar-

red striped cambric

ditto,

Lace,

6-4, Laco shawl,

Long ditto,

Super broaded do.

English and French silk

gloves,

Kid ditto,

Pic nic mitts,

English split straw bon-

nets,

Madras and handana-

handkerchiefs,

Beetas,

Mammodies,

Gurshis, &c. &c.

All of which he has determined to

sell at the most reduced prices.

May 26, d

FOR SALE.

20 puncheons Jamaica RUM,

just received and for sale on reasonable terms.

John & Thos. Vowell.

May 9, d

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be Sold, at Public Sale,

On the first day of August, (if not disposed of

at private sale, previous to that time)

All my PROPERTY in the town

of Alexandria,

Situated on KING STREET—Consisting of

A new two-story Brick House, two

Framed Houses, and the Ware-House at present

occupied by myself—Also,

One unimproved Lot, on Fayette-

street. The above property is subject to a

ground rent of twenty dollars, eighty four cents.

For terms apply to the subscriber.

John Violett.

February 21, d

Union Cheap Bread Manufactory.

Opposite the Market,

Adjoining James S. Scott's, Royal Street—

ALEXANDRIA—

By WILLIAM LOVELL,

Who begs leave to inform the Ladies, Gentle-

men, and the Public in general, in this town,

that on Wednesday, the first of May, he will

commence baking; where they may be sup-

plied with BREAD of the first quality and

found baked, on such terms never before of-

fered in this place; as follows:

THE eighteen penny loaf for 20 cents, nine

penny loaf for 10 cents, four pence half

penny loaf for 5 cents; and, for the convenience

of those whose family or circumstances will not

admit of LARGE BREAD, he will make the

three penny loaf two ounces heavier than the

weight fixed by the Clerk of the Market, as di-

rected by the Corporation; so that the labouring

man will be served on as good terms as the mer-

chant. The best SUPERFINE FLOUR for house

keeping at seven cents per pound, or fifteen

pounds for a dollar. Those Ladies and Gentle-

men who wish to be regularly supplied at their

own houses, will be obliging enough to send a

line as above, which will be attended to. Great

allowance to sellers of Bread. To prevent any

misunderstanding the above terms are CASH, un-

less where stated credits are agreed on, and those

are expected to be regularly paid—the profits

being small.

N. B. To Taverns, Boarding houses, and

large families, there will be an additional saving

of ten per cent. in buying LARGE LOAVES in

preference to SMALL.

April 30, d

Speech of M. Shimmelpennick, at the opening of the session of the States General.

“ For a long time have our countrymen felt the necessity of preventing, by the introduction of a new order of things, the downfall of the tottering edifice of the state. The necessity was so generally felt and in so lively a manner, that I deem it superfluous and unfit to enlarge upon a truth universally acknowledged; but it is this general conviction which holds to us the rule by which we are to measure the hope which the nation has again recovered, and the expectation which it grounds upon our exertions.

⁴ The difficulties in which the state is involved, are manifold and great; the first proof of our courage will be, to dare to contemplate those difficulties, such as they actually exist; the second, not to despair of conquering them, that is to say of the salvation of our country.

"I deem this the more repugnant to wisdom and equity, because, whatever partial inconveniences may have arisen from individual misapprehension, prejudices, or actions, yet the main force of our disasters is by no means to be looked for in our bosom, but in causes entirely without us, and quite independent of us.

“No, High and mighty Lords, let us leave the causes, and let us only view the wounds clearly; solely with intention to heal them; and permit me, who am now placed at the head of the government, to point out the means, and on this solemn occasion, to state to your high mightinesses, the principles by which I shall regulate my administration, and which I deem the most proper for securing our political existence, abroad, and our tranquility at home.

"In the first place, the putting an end to the state of uncertainty with respect to our internal government, which has long since tried and fatigued the people, and which would have terminated in despair & dissolution.

And lastly the embracing and maintaining a firm political system, calculated according to the situation of Europe, and fit to inspire our allies with confidence, our friends with good will, and our enemies with awe.

"When we shall have attained the two former objects, the latter, as far as depends on us, and not on events out of our power, will be easily attainable, provided we only take care that we (always keep in mind the great changes which have taken place in Europe, and in our relations with our neighbors) do convince all nations which surround us, that our welfare and prosperity can never be detrimental to theirs, and that they may fully depend upon our good faith in fulfilling our engagements.

"In order to restore the solidity and energy of our internal government, I deem nothing more fit than an unchangeable attachment to the holy principles of justice; the doing equal justice to all without the difference of rank or opinions; the restoring the necessary vigor to the laws, and the requisite authority and the ancient respect to all the lawful authorities; homage

"The restoration of the finances of the country will be our most laborous branch. Can you deem it necessary High and Mighty Lords, that a melancholy picture thereof should be exhibited to you on this occasion? or is that said truth not sufficiently known, that all the present ordinary revenue of the state is hardly sufficient to pay the interest of our debts? and can it after this be required to add any thing, to make you feel the grievous state of our finances?"

"By those efficacious remedies High & Mighty Lords, I do not by any means aim at a violation of our engagements. As little do I aim at an order for new & extraordinary imposts. These would in my judgment, either be politically impracticable, or end in a general emigration of all who can emigrate, and in a total corruption of those remaining behind. And therefore they shall never make a part of the measures which will be proposed to your High Mightinesses in the course of my administration.

" This system, operating uniformly according to the relative abilities of the inhabitants in the different districts, will be a ble very considerably to increase the resources of the country, as well by its simplicity as by the certainty of the receipts. This increase united with the saving of the expenditure will enable the public treasury regularly to meet all the ordinary expenses—and when war, or other evils, require extraordinary expences, they will be raised by such means as will be found the least pressing upon the public.

"I think what I have advanced is sufficient for the present; but perhaps you High Mightinesses, perhaps the nation have a right to examine and consider upon the measures I intend to adopt for the redress of their grievances, and the renewing of their prosperity.

"It is needless to say a single word respecting my inclination and resolution to sacrifice what is most dear to me, in order to accomplish so desirable an object. This very Hall, Paris, Amiens, and London can testify my love and zeal for my country.

"I have no doubt of succeeding in these undertakings. My hopes are founded on Providence, whom I adore, and whose care and protection we have so often experienced.

“ On the calm reason and sound judgment of the nation ; on that valor which ever distinguished them ; on their good faith, honor, and inward conviction, depends this last attempt to re-establish their happiness.

"It likewise depends on the assistance and concord in opinion, of your high mightiness; on the wisdom of your resolutions; on the power of your examples; and on the firmness of your courage: objects in which I cannot be disappointed, in I have acquired any knowledge of mankind.

" Finally, it depends on our love for our country, and the great promises I have of the assistance of the great Napoleon, that extraordinary genius, who is admired both by friends and foes, who, after having caused a change in the affairs of France, which will be subject of wonder and astonishment to future ages, has obtained the greatest influence over us, as well as over several other nations, of whose friendship I have the greater reason to boast, because it was obtained by never swerving from truth, or rectitude in all my words, my ca-

"Notwithstanding these hopes, I am not certain of attaining my end. The book of futurity is shut to yourselves as well as me. As for myself, I shall never quit my object, till I have used every possible effort in my power to attain it; I shall never quit it dishonorably. May Heaven, over all disappointments, may its blessing crown our labour with success, and re-establish the nation in its former flourishing state and happiness."

Since our last publication, several mails and messengers have arrived from the continent, but, nothing has transpired to warrant the hope, expressed at the opening of the present session of Parliament of a continental connection. Dispatches received by government and the Russian Ambassador, are stated to bring the ratification of the treaty which has been so long negotiating between this country and the Emperor Alexander. The ratification of a treaty may sound very well, but we want something more than names set to an agreement. We want to see substantial assurances of action, and in that respect we have much fear that we shall be disappointed, if there be any weak enough to entertain such hopes.

So delusive is the prospect of a continental war, that we learn from letters, dated Hague, the 6th instant that Bonaparte has assumed the new title of King of Italy has been recognized by the emperor of Austria. Indeed many things were wanting to prove the precarious security in which our mortal enemies repose, and the contempt with which he considers our endeavours to form a Continental confederacy against his gigantic power and his unbounded ambition, it might be found in his present visit to his Italian dominions.

He leaves the care of his good people of France to his military banditti; he smiles at the chance of insurrection, and proceeds by easy journeys with all the treasures usually paid to a beloved and venerated sovereign through the cities and towns of his empire.

At Lyons, Grenoble, Geneva and Turin, he is hailed with triumphal honours; he graces his train with the abject presence of the successor of St. Peter, who is now literally what he was before figuratively *servus servorum*; he creates Princes and Princesses; he overawes the Court of Vienna; terrifies that of Naples; and all this he does with as much indifference as if not only he had nothing to apprehend from Russia, but as if even an alliance, defensive and offensive, had been cordially concluded between him and the Emperor Alexander.

So well is he served in his absence, the expeditions are undertaken, and his fleet put to sea without what was formerly thought indispensable, his special instructions, and his personal superintendence. He waits no doubt, with impatience, the moment when the grand attack upon our coasts may

be attempted, but he feels that in order to facilitate the execution of this formidable enterprise, he must weaken our naval force at home. To this conviction we may justly attribute the late attack upon our West India Islands, and the sailing of the combined fleet from Cadiz which is certainly destined to execute some act of colonial aggression. He attacks us in the extremities, for the purpose of striking a fatal blow at the heart of the British empire. But although he has calculated on the pro-

carious system of blockades, and on the ultimate contingency of having a superior force at sea, he has not taken into his account the spirit, the magnanimity, the numbers of the British people, to whose death would be preferable to the yoke of a foreign tyrant. The season is now at hand when the grand flotilla at Boulogne will resume all its activity, and when Bonaparte will himself, after his Italian coronation, preside over its movements. The vast number of small craft that compose it continues to increase, and the army of England, on the opposite coasts, as it is estimated, will be equal to it.

reinforsed. In proportion as the en- my augments the means of aggression, are confident the country will not be war- ing in adding to its resources, and con- firming its patriotism. Government is aw- are of the policy of Bonaparte; if his majesty's ministers once thought an in- vasion likely to be attempted, surely this se- timent must derive new weight from the present relative state of naval affairs be- tween the two powers; they ought there- fore, to act with a promptitude and vig- adequate to the crisis; they have at the

NEW HAVEN, (Conn.) July 2.
COMMUNICATION.

On Wednesday last the ship *Mohawk*, owned by Gad Peck and Smith, Woodward and Co. arrived in port. The *Mohawk*, bound from Martinico to New York by the way of St. Thomas, with a valuable cargo, principally sugars, was captured on the 7th of April, by a British frigate, carried into Tortola, and condemned as lawful prize.

Her sentence of condemnation was grounded on an order of the Court of S. James, issued on the 24th of January, 1780, "directing the commanders of their ships of war, and privateers, *not* to seize any neutral vessels, which shall be carrying trade directly between the Colony of the enemy and the neutral Colony to which the vessel belongs, and laden with the property of the inhabitants of such neutral colony," &c. — leaving the commanders of the British ships of war and privateers to *imply* an order to capture, and the Vice Admiralty Court an authority to condemn, provided the neutral vessel was bound to any other neutral colony than the one to which she belonged.

The evidence exhibited before the Vice Admiralty Court, to prove that the *Mar hawk* was bound in fact from Martinico to St. Thomas, with a view of selling her sugars, &c. there, was derived principally from letters which captain Peek had written to his owners, advising them of the reduced prices of American produce at Martinico, and of his intention to let his cargo of sugars and proceed to St. Thomas; and then to return to Martinico, receive the avails of his outward bound cargo and proceed to New York. These letters were intercepted by the British privateers, and lodged in the hands of the agent of the captors at Tortola.

In the mean time the rise of America produced at Martinico, and the danger apprehended from the English fleet which was expected soon to hover around the island, induced captain Peck, to abandon his former designs, to sell his cargo, receive its avails, and return to New York. His object in touching at St. Thomas was merely to settle an account respecting a quantity of corn meal previously deposited there for sale.

The order of the British government so extravagant in itself, and so extensively injurious to the mercantile interests of the United States in its consequences, that it deserves some attention.

The laws of nations require nothing neutrals, when others are at war, but strictly to observe their neutrality. If a neutral power supplies one of the belligerent nations with provisions, and denies them to the other, it would plainly be a breach of neutrality; because the neutral power is the part of an ally in supplying the war, and strengthening the hands of the former, and the part of an enemy in withholding the same aid from the latter.

But the government of Great Britain not pretend in their order that the United States were carrying on trade contrary to the right enjoyed by neutrals. They

" In consideration of the present state of commerce, we are pleased hereby to direct &c. The reason of the order, if there be any beyond the will and the power of the king who conceived it, seems to be founded on the idea that the exportation of the produce of a French island to a neutral colony, rather than the one to which the vessel

belong, will promote the interests of the French nation, by opening a wider market for the produce of the French colonies, consequently by increasing its demand, and enhancing its prices. But will not the same reason extend with equal force to the prohibition of neutrals to trade directly to an enemy's port, in any and every part of the enemy's empire to their own? have not the government of Great Britain the same right to prohibit this branch of commerce as the other, whenever

commerce as the other whenever
please? And if it be true that this
right of the British government, have
the French and Spanish the same right
the same principles, to pursue the same
course whenever they please!—The
sequence is that the commerce of the
United States must be mostly confined
to our own coast, or our property exposed
every moment to the depredations of
belligerent powers. A situation far more
deplorable than a state of actual hostility

The government of the United States certainly have it in their power at present to command a free trade. Whether they entertain a disposition to exercise that power, may indeed admit of a reason-

Good. It certainly would not be in the interest of Great Britain to suffer the suspension of the commercial relations between that country and this. It would be less injurious to the States, than to submit implicitly to commercial regulations of any

Tortola, says captain [unclear], pirates. During the 60 days that I [unclear] there, not a single vessel arrived for the purpose of trade, but many to [unclear] perhaps, their final doom. The [unclear] [unclear] poor, miserable, indolent being [unclear] more cottages, and riot upon the [unclear] commerce.

The officers of government are ingenious in devising means to oppress, commissions, &c. inasmuch as no honest man will almost consent to be a vessel and cargo shall be condemned than see her plundered under the law and right.

NEW YORK July 8.
Arrived, brig Virginia, Taylor,
from St. Jago de Cuba. Left, 16
prizes, all previously noticed,
the schooner Harriot, Williams, of N
steamed off Cape Francois, and carried
Sth June; also, not prizes, ships John
Bids, for Baltimore; Fanny, Kitchen,
Delphia; brig Hero, Mainhead, N;
Franklin, Jones, do. Sally, Wats, B
Mary-Ann, Bennett, do. schooner An
do. Sally, Russell, of N. York, bound
chined to load; and schooner Deborah,
in 31 days from Philadelphia. June
leagues west of Cape Tiberon, was
the French privateer Regulator, and tr
tely, 22. Crooked Island bearing
wides, was boarded by the British go
schooner Mary and Susan, Fisher, tr
Providence, treated politely, and was
that 22 sail of French men of war we
West-Indies, destined against Jamai
ed, in lat. 34, 37, long. 74, 12, fel
the pilot-boat schooner Escape, of l
both masts alongside out of their steps
and a black man tied with a rope alo
velly drowned. From appearances,
not been long in that situation; the ha
oot top, a tallow bottom, and no
land.

PHILADELPHIA, July
Arrived, at New Castle, the
Peterson, sixteen days from the
France. Left there the ship George
Angton Farris, of and from Phila-
discharging; ship Columbus, Di-
to sail in ten days for home; Hel-
sel, Baltimore; Mary and Eliza-
Salem; Aiknomic, Henry, Boston
mouth, Rich, of do, to sail in five
—June, Beate, of do from Batavia
area, Stanwood of do from Batavia
damned, not sea worthy; Indus,
do, do; Swedish ship Pelec,
do, to sail in fifteen days. Pa-
tral. Wheelright and captain Sra-
the late ship Astrea; Montezum

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On the 26th, arrived at Verd small American brig and schooner unknown; also returned the captain Cochran, bound to Spain, having sprung a leak and shifted same day proceeded for Bordeaux. April 27th, arrived the Am Dolphin, captain Hall, thirty from Charleston, with French entirely.

On the 5th June spoke the sc
ram, 11 days from New York, b
Sebastians, in long. 50, W. all w
7th, spoke a brig from Boston o
from Teneriffe, in long 34, W.
7th spoke a Danish brig 21 day
York, bound to London, in long
well.

BALTIMORE, July
A letter from Glasgow says
has been very brisk for the
hands are very scarce, and
got up; the manufactures of
 Paisley have been exported to

of the U-
nfolded to
y exposed
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far more
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t present,
ther they
rise their
easonable

Baltimore, July 11. — A letter from Glasgow says, "trade has been very brisk for the last month, hands are very scarce, and wages have got up; the manufactures of this place and vicinity have been exported to a great ex-

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

A gentleman, who resided some time at Rotterdam, and left that city on the 1st May,

GIBRALTAR.
General Fox is extremely assiduous in

A few days ago the house of an inhabitant, who had neglected to whitewash and purify it, agreeably to the late proclamation, was surrounded by a party of the troops, and burnt to the ground as an example to others.

Thirty years ago, half a pint of rum a day, was thought a plentiful allowance for a reaper or a mower. Now a reaper or mower often swallows a quart of spirits a day. This is but little short of downright murder. It leads eventually to the destruction of health and life, as well as mo-

SHIP  NEWS.

Ship Cordelia, Williston, Cowes and a man. [ket.
Brig Columbia, Dawson. Emance

timore, out 17 days for Jamaica, in lat.
24, 49, long. 69.

July 22. 30
Partnership Dissolved.

July 12. d3t
N. B. JOHN HORNER continues the Wheel.

wright and Waggon-making business in the various branches, at his shop on Prince Street, adjoining the Potomac Bank.

VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINES.

Just received direct from the Patentees, and FOR SALE BY
JAMES KENNEDY, JUN.
DRUGGIST;

The following Valuable Medicines:
Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Stomach Bitters.
PREPARED BY
THOMAS H. RAWSON,
Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the most rapid sale of any Patent Medicine ever before discovered, and are justly appreciated for their singular and uncommon virtues for restoring weak and decayed constitutions, and all that train of complicated complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as *intermittent fevers and agues, long autumnal fevers, dysenteries, &c.* They are also a very pleasant bitter for common use, and where they are known they have taken the place and superseded the use of all other bitters in public houses as well as in private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham) Billious Pills.
THE great sale and increasing demand for these valuable pills for these twelve years past, bespeak their intrinsic worth. They have proved singularly efficacious in *Billious and Yellow fevers, jaundice, Head Aches, Dysenteries, Billious Cholera, Colic, &c.*

The very great demand and high esteem in which these pills are held throughout the United States and the West Indies, has induced many to counterfeit them; the purchaser is requested to observe that the name of Samuel Lee, jun. (the patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions, in his own hand writing, or they will not be genuine.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Itch Ointment.

A certain and safe application for that disagreeable complaint called the ITCH. Price 42 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti Billious Pills, or, Family Physic.

The extraordinary celebrity these pills have gained, the universal demand for them and esteem in which they are held by medical men of the first eminence, are sufficient testimonials of their intrinsic worth. In great colds and sudden attacks of disorders, an early use of these pills often produces the happiest effects, and taken once in eight or ten days in cases of indigestion, headache, dizziness, pains in the stomach and bowels, dysenteries, diarrhoeas, dropsies, &c. and a liberal use of my anti billious bitters in the intermediate time has relieved patients almost to a miracle.—price 25 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste.

For the scum in the teeth and gums, and for whitening and preserving the teeth. It likewise takes off all disagreeable smells from the breath, which generally arises from scorbutic gums and bad teeth. This paste is much in use, and highly esteemed by all those who value the preservation of their teeth; it may be applied at all times with the greatest safety. It is neatly put up in pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Worm Powders.

A medicine which for efficacy and safety in its operation stands unrivalled. The most authenticated proofs and respectable authorities of its astonishing virtues, and surprising effects, in extreme and alarming cases of worms, may be seen at the place of sale. Price 50 cents a packet.

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir; Or Cough Drops.

For Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, spitting of blood, and all diseases of the lungs. Its merits stand unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.

Price 50 cents a box.

Hinkley's Infallible remedy for the Piles.

Price 50 Cents a Box.
Very particular directions accompanying each of these valuable medicines.

He has likewise for Sale,

A general assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Shop furniture and Vials; a few hand some Hall Lamps; Indian Shaders; proof vials; Essence of Spruce; Patent Blacking; Madeira and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogheads; Paints ground in oil; and a few barrels Flaxseed Oil, which he will sell on reasonable terms for cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit.

A generous allowance will be made to those who purchase the above Medicines by the dozen.
March 27. 22W

PHILADELPHIA, JULY 1, 1855.

Polygraphick Painting.

THIS art, so long kept a secret and exclusively practiced by the Polygraphick Society in London, is now in the possession of a Citizen of the United States lately arrived from Europe, who proposes to execute by subscription, two hundred copies from an original Allegorical Painting in the Shakespeare Gallery, New York, by permission of the Proprietor: being

A PORTRAIT OF WASHINGTON.

Supported by LIBERTY, VIRTUE, and JUSTICE. VIRTUE is holding the emblem of the reward he merited. In the right of the piece, AMERICA, characterized as an Aboriginal, is seated in a pensive posture, lamenting her loss. In the left is PAINTING turned to HISTORY, for a subject worthy of her art, who is supposed to answer,

"There is none more worthy than Washington."

The whole forming a more emblematical tribute to the memory of that great man, than has yet been offered to the public.
To those who esteem his public services and his private worth, and to the patrons of improvements in the fine arts, this work is dedicated. Such as are already furnished with different engravings on this subject, will, it is hoped, still find room for the present undertaking, when they consider, that it will be a PAINTING, and the design new, executed by a process, which renders it more durable than oil paintings—that it requires no glass—that while the prints contain, perhaps a faint resemblance only, this work affords a correct likeness. With the addition of five beautiful allegorical figures.—The price also is reduced to as low, comparative merits, no object.

Subscriptions, at Eight Dollars each, payable on delivery, (which is little more than the price of an engraving of the same size) are received by Conrad & Co. Bookellers, Philadelphia; Robert Gray, Alexandria; Rapine, Conrad and Co. Capitol-hill City of Washington; and generally by Bookellers throughout the Union; who will please to return their Subscription papers to Conrad and Co. Philadelphia, previous to the first of November next, when the work will be ready for delivery.

Frames will be procured, of any pattern, if required on the most moderate terms.

IT IS ALSO PROPOSED TO EXECUTE PORTRAITS

Of Mr. and Mrs. Washington.

On a smaller scale, 15 inches by 12; executed by the same process, and will be ready for delivery at the same time, on subscriptions of four Dollars and Fifty Cents each, including a Gilt Frame. It is a principal aim of this work, to produce the most correct likenesses of this amiable couple.

One of the Paintings is now to be seen at Mr. Gadsby's Hotel, for a few days, who will receive subscriptions. As this copy is ordered to be sent to Richmond soon, another will be forwarded, if subscribers offer, to Robert Gray's, King street Alexandria, with whom subscribers may also enter their names.

The Artist presumes that the secret of Polygraphick Painting is known only to himself in the U. States; having travelled from the Carolinas to Massachusetts without finding a master of it. By this art, original paintings may be multiplied, so as to render it difficult to point out the difference. The Polygraphick picture, of the two, when compared together, is the most brilliant, and the nature of the process cannot fail rendering it more durable. In fine the whole is so exact and beautiful a copy, that the mind is left in conjecture as to the method in which it is executed.
July 3.

To be Rented, for One Year, (By the Subscribers)

A valuable Merchant-Mill, near the Little Falls of Potomac, with three pair French Burr Millstones, and every necessary machine complete for manufacturing flour, to the best advantage, and with as little manual labor as possible. Also,

A Brewery, Granary, Millers' and Brewers, Houses, Coopers Shop, &c. For terms apply to Edmund L. Lee, Esq. in Alexandria.

Wm. HERBERT,
R. B. LEE,
Thos. SWANN,
Wm. B. PAGE,
May 7. eodit.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, a Mulatto Man—a slave—named

S A M:

ABOUT 5 feet 10 inches high, 35 years old—who is a good kitchen gardener, and also a good shoemaker—he is fond of liquor, and licks when speaking. The above reward will be paid on apprehending and confining the above named runaway so that his owner may get him again, and reasonable charges if brought to
HARRIET L. MAUND.

Nomony Hall,

Westmoreland County:
or GEORGE CARTER,
Oatlands, near Leesburg, (Vir.)
June 27. eodit

Just Published,

And for Sale by Cotton & Stewart,
A Key to Mystery of Iniquity
OR AN

Address to Men of Candor and
Lovers of Truth,
By JOHN WEST,
Of Fairfax County.

This work contains a compendium ecclesiastical history, accompanied with the author's reflections; proving modern episcopacy to be spurious, and human legislation in the Church to be usurpation, &c. &c.
May 3.

Notice is hereby Given.

That in pursuance of an act of Assembly, of the Commonwealth of Virginia, establishing a Town at the Court-house of this County, on the lands of Richard Ratcliffe, by the name of *Providence*. We the subscribers, trustees therein named, do hereby give notice, that on the 10th day of August next, (being the first day of August court) the several LOTS in the said town, as laid out, condemned, and directed to be sold by the said act—A plan of which will be shown, and the terms made known on the day of sale.

Charles Little,
W. Payne,
Richard Fitzhugh,
Daniel Mc Chichester,
Francis Coffey,
Richard Bland Lee,
John C. Hunter,
William Middleton.

Fairfax County the 2d } (5) eodit
day of July, 1855.

FOR SALE,

250 Acres of Land, in the district of Columbia, about 5 miles from Alexandria and 2 from George Town: A large proportion is woodland of a good quality, abounding with good springs and handsome situations. I would lay off this land to accommodate those who may wish to buy from two acre lots to twenty, or sell it altogether. A small part of the purchase money will be required; and for the balance a liberal credit will be given. Any person wishing to buy, may be shown the land by William Snelum, who resides upon it; and leave their names with Mr. John Gadsby, of Alexandria.

Sundry Lots may be had on ground rent, upon Duke-street, adjoining to Mr. Jacob Shuck's.
June 13. G. CHAPMAN. rawit

FOR SALE,

Or to Let, for a Term of Years, or on Ground-Rent for ever,

Four valuable Lots, on the fourth side of King-street, between Fayette and Henry-streets; each lot fronting 20 feet on King-street, and running back 100 feet to a 12 feet alley.—The situation of this property is such (being in one of the most thriving parts of the town) as to make the possession of it very desirable to any person having money to purchase, more especially to dealers in country produce.

Also, for Sale,

A House and Lot, on the fourth side of King street, near Washington street, and opposite the store of Mr. James Bacon. This situation is equal to any in town for business.

Likewise to Let, for the term of ten years, An half-acre Lot on Duke and Pitt streets, most eligibly situated for a Garden or Clover Lot, for which purpose only it would be rented. As manure has been thrown up in heaps upon it for several years the ground cannot but be as rich as could be wished. For terms apply to Mr. James Bacon, on King, near Washington street, or to the subscriber, at Notley Hall, opposite to Alexandria.

Thos. L. Washington.

N. B. To Hire by the month,

A very likely active BOY,
About 15 years old, who has from a child been accustomed to wait in the house, provided immediate application is made as above.
May 3. eo

FOR SALE,

The FARM on which I live, CONTAINING between 5 and 600 acres of level Land, well adapted in general to receive the Plaster of Paris as a manure—on the post-road from the City of Washington to Port Tobacco, and about 8 miles below Piscataway. On it is every necessary building, plenty of excellent spring water and a pump at the door—fruit trees in abundance and great variety, an excellent kitchen garden, several clover lots, some valuable low meadow ground, and wood and timber to last many years. Persons wishing to purchase, it is presumed will view the premises previous to any contract, and therefore a further description is unnecessary.

If I sell the land, it shall be given up to the purchaser 1st January next—And previous to that time, I will sell

All my moveable Property & Crop made, with some few exceptions.

Being extremely infirm and unable to manage a farm, my object is to retire to some town or city, and spend the remainder of my life.

The terms of sale will be—One third of the purchase money in hand, one third at the end of 12 months from the day of sale, and the remaining one third at the end of two years, with legal interest thereon. Bonds with security, and a lien on the land, will be required.

Charles County, May 4. eodit
George Lee.

NOTICE.

AS I purpose moving from this State in the fall, I request all those who have any claims against the estate of AMOS DYE, deceased, or any, to bring them in legally proved, on or before the first day of October next, in order to have the same settled.—All those who may be indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence can be given by
JOHN DYE, Adm'r of Amos Dye.
June 21. 12W

JUST ARRIVED,

From New Providence, and for sale, on board the schooner Eliza, laying at Rane and Cartwright's wharf:

Fresh Pine-Apples, Limes, and Green Turtle,

All in fine order, and very low for cash, by
A. Willis, & John Jamieson,
July 11.

Fresh Fruit.

THIS DAY RECEIVED,

Per the schooner Eliza, from New-Providence, A quantity of

Pine-Apples, Limes, &c.

All in excellent order.

John A. Burford.

July 11.

HENRY K. MAY

Has just received, per the FELLOWS, from New York,

100 Barrels PRIME PORK.

July 11. d31

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, living in Frederickburg, on the evening of the 4th inst, a Mulatto Man, named

WASHINGTON;

Who calls himself GEORGE WASHINGTON.

HE is 25 or 26 years old, about 5 feet 6 inches high, very much freckled, which resembles the marks of small pox unless closely examined, is somewhat napper kneed—he is a very fairly artful fellow, and has a down look when spoken to. Had on when he went away, a black short coat, Virginia cloth pantaloons, white linen shirt, and, I believe, a white hat.—It is probable he will change his cloaths as he has a great many with him. The said fellow formerly belonged to Mr. Henry Fitzhugh, of Stafford county. The above reward will be given to any person that will deliver him to me, or secure him in jail so that I get him again.

Martha Fisher.

Frederickburg, July 9. d3W
N. B. The above named slave had been taken with since he made his escape, in Maryland, when he had changed his name to BOND.

POTOMAC COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Potomac Company, will be held according to law at the Union Tavern in George Town, on Monday the 5th day of August next, on which occasion a full meeting of the proprietors is requested, when the proceedings of the Board of Directors, together with the disbursements of the Treasurer since the last general meeting, will then be laid before them for their consideration.

By order of the Board,

Joseph Carleton,

Treasurer Potomac Company.

George July 9. (10) d3A

NOTICE.

CONCERT-HALL,

Boston, May, 1855.
THE Subscriber respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, and those Gentlemen of the Southern States who may visit this part of the Continent during the Summer season, that the House known by the name of *Concert Hall*, situate in a very central and pleasant part of the town, (corner of Court and Hanover streets) has been fitted up at a very great expense with the gentlest accommodation.

Those Gentlemen who may wish for Boarding and Lodging, it is presumed cannot find a more eligible and convenient House, or a more grateful reception, than from the present occupant of *Concert Hall*, whose assiduity to serve them shall exceed the liberality of their patronage.

T. WHITCOMB.

12W

PRINTED DAILY, BY

S. S. N O W D E N.

Vol. V.]

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next, 10 o'clock, will be sold at the V. R. U M

to hds, and bls. French Brandy in

Gin in pipes and bls.

Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.

Sugar in hds, tierces and bls.

Chocolate

White and brown Soap and

Mould and dipt Candles

Railways in kegs, boxes and jars,

Figs in kegs and trails,

Queen's Ware in crates,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

&c.—Also,

A Variety of DRY GOODS

among which are

Cloths, Coatings, Kerseme

Drills, Plains, Kesties, Negro C

Serges, Flatsticks, blue Friezes,

Calmancoes, Ruffsels, Yarn Stockin

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Irish Linens, Silefia do.

Omburgs and Tickenburs,

Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,

India Muslins and Table Clothes,

Bandanna Handkerchiefs,

Coloured Threads, Hats and tur

reticles.

Philip G. Mar

Dec. 20.

10 pipes well flaver'd

Gin,

60 casks Dutch Linseed Oil,

20 bales German Tickenburgh

1 cask Britannias,

100 do. Platillas Royal,

Just Imported from Rot

In the brig Nancy, Spald

AND FOR SALE BY

J. & T. V

WHO HAVE IN STORE,

A few pipes old Madeira

for immediate use,

Three hds. old Grenada Rum,

Three casks Clover Seed,

Ten pipes 4th proof Sp. Bl. Brandy

5 Cash given for O

Mink Skins.

April 25.

JAMES SANDERS

Has received, in addition to his late

plies, which he will sell, by the qu

ry low, and on liberal credit;

10 pipes 4th proof Cogni

4 punches second proof Ant

20 barrels New England

5 pipes particular Tenerife Wh

12 half pipes do. do. do

25 casks claret, 2 and half dozen

9 boxes best London Maltard

each.

6 do. 20. Double Gloucester

20 hogheads Black Quart Bottl

ALSO,

28 hogheads Virginia

CO. now in store.

May 31.

BUILDING LOT

HALF an acre of ground

corner of Washington and D

will be laid off in lots, to suit app

will be had at a moderate annual r

HEWES & MIL

June 19.

This day is Publish

And for Sale at ROBERT GR

store, and THIS OFFER

(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS)

AN ABSTRACT

OF AN

A P O L O C

For Renouncing the Ju

OR THE

SYNOD OF KENTU

BEING

A Compendious View of the

AND A FEW REMARKS ON

CONFESSION OF FA

By Robert Marshall, John Duan

St. James, Barton W. Stone, Joh

May 2.

A few Copies of the

Gardener, for sale by Robe

King Street.